**TAK 3** 

Revision nr. 2

Dated 28/03/2023

Printed on 17/07/2023

Page n. 1/15

Replaced revision:1 (Printed on: 21/01/2021)

Safety Data Sheet

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation (EU) 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

# SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product name

TAK 3

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Intended use Cyanoacrylate liquid adhesive for general use and DIY.

Consumer uses [C], professional uses [PW] - Product categories: Adhesives, sealants. Uses advised against - Do not use for purposes other than those indicated.

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

N.P.T. S.R.L. A SOCIO UNICO

Full address via Guido Rossa 2

40053 Valsamoggia - Loc. Crespellano (BO) District and Country

Tel. +39 051 969109 Fax +39 051 969837

e-mail address of the competent person

responsible for the Safety Data Sheet infoSDS@nptsrl.com

# 1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to

Please contact your near local poison control center

Laboratories and manufactory plant - Villanova d'Ardenghi (PV)

+39 0382 400140 (avaiable from Monday to Friday, only in the following office hours: 8.30-12.30, 13.30-17.00). Laboratories and factory Valsamoggia (BO) +39 051969068

(8.30-13; 14-17.30), from Monday to Thursday

# **SECTION 2. Hazards identification**

# 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2020/878. Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

Eye irritation, category 2 H319 Causes serious eye irritation. Skin irritation, category 2 H315 Causes skin irritation. Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3 H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

#### 2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

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# N.P.T. S.R.L. A SOCIO UNICO

TAK 3

Revision nr. 2

Dated 28/03/2023

Printed on 17/07/2023

Page n. 2/15

Replaced revision:1 (Printed on: 21/01/2021)

Hazard pictograms:



Signal words: Warning

Hazard statements:

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H315 Causes skin irritation.

**H335** May cause respiratory irritation.

**EUH202** Cyanoacrylate. Danger. Bonds skin and eyes in seconds. Keep out of the reach of children.

Precautionary statements:

P501 Dispose of contents / container according to local regulation.

**P271** Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P262 Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: wash with plenty of of soap and water.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue

rinsing.

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Contains: Ethyl-2-cyanoacrylate

#### 2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties in concentration ≥ 0.1%.

# **SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Identification x = Conc. % Classification (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

Ethyl-2-cyanoacrylate

INDEX 607-236-00-9  $96 \le x < 100$  Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335

EC 230-391-5 STOT SE 3 H335: ≥ 10%

CAS 7085-85-0

REACH Reg. 01-2119527766-29

**HYDROQUINONE** 

INDEX 604-005-00-4 0,05  $\leq$  x < 0,1 Carc. 2 H351, Muta. 2 H341, Acute Tox. 4 H302, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin

Sens. 1 H317, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=10

EC 204-617-8 LD50 Oral: 450 mg/kg

CAS 123-31-9

REACH Reg. 01-2119524016-51

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

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TAK 3

Revision nr. 2

Dated 28/03/2023

Printed on 17/07/2023

Page n. 3/15

Replaced revision:1 (Printed on: 21/01/2021)

#### **SECTION 4. First aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: If the eye is bonded closed, release eyelashes with warm water by covering with a damp cloth. Cyanoacrylate will bond to the eye protein and will cause periods of weeping which will help to debond the adhesive. Keep eye covered until you are not completely backless, usually within 1-3 days. Do not force eye open. Should be utilized to a physician in case of the solid particles of cyanoacrylate are trapped behind the eyelid and should cause abrasion damage.

SKIN: avoid the forced separation of bonded leather. Can be removed gently with a pointed object, such as a spoon, preferably after soaking in warm water and soap. Do not try to pull the lips apart with a direct action opposed. If lips are accidentally stuck together apply warm water on her lips, wetting and pass the saliva presenton the inside of the mouth. Open or curl your lips.

INHALATION: bring the suffering person to fresh air and keep it in a comfortable position for breathing. If you still feel unwell seek medical attention.

INGESTION: Ensure that breathing passages are not obstructed. The product polymerizes immediately in the mouth and will impossible to swallow. Saliva will slowly separate the solidified product from the mouth (several hours).

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

### **SECTION 5. Firefighting measures**

# 5.1. Extinguishing media

# SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use water jets. Water is not effective to extinguish the fire, however it can be used to cool closed containers exposed to the flame, preventing bursts and explosions

# 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE Do not breathe combustion products.

# 5.3. Advice for firefighters

#### GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

# **SECTION 6. Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.



**TAK 3** 

Revision nr. 2

Dated 28/03/2023

Printed on 17/07/2023

Page n. 4/15

Replaced revision:1 (Printed on: 21/01/2021)

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

# **SECTION 7. Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Before handling the product, consult all the other sections of this material safety data sheet. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

For a better shelf-life, store the original containers under refrigeration at 2-8 ° C. Store containers between 5 and 35 ° C, in a dry and well-ventilated place, away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly acid or alkaline materials.

Store only in the original container. Store the containers sealed, in a well ventilated place, away from direct sunlight. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

Storage class TRGS 510 (Germany):10

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

# **SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection**

# 8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

BGR	България	НАРЕДБА № 13 ОТ 30 ДЕКЕМВРИ 2003 Г. ЗА ЗАЩИТА НА РАБОТЕЩИТЕ ОТ РИСКОВЕ, СВЪРЗАНИ С ЕКСПОЗИЦИЯ НА ХИМИЧНИ АГЕНТИ ПРИ РАБОТА (изм. ДВ. бр.5 от 17 Януари 2020г.)
CZE	Česká Republika	Nařízení vlády č. 41/2020 Sb. Nařízení vlády, kterým se mění nařízení vlády č. 361/2007 Sb., kterým se stanoví podmínky ochrany zdraví při práci, ve znění pozdějších předpisů
DNK	Danmark	Bekendtgørelse om grænseværdier for stoffer og materialer - BEK nr 1458 af 13/12/2019
ESP	España	Límites de exposición profesional para agentes químicos en España 2021
FRA	France	Valeurs limites d'exposition professionnelle aux agents chimiques en France. ED 984 - INRS
FIN	Suomi	HTP-VÄRDEN 2020. Koncentrationer som befunnits skadliga. SOCIAL - OCH HÄLSOVÅRDSMINISTERIETS PUBLIKATIONER 2020:25
GRC	Ελλάδα	Π.Δ. 26/2020 (ΦΕΚ 50/Α` 6.3.2020) Εναρμόνιση της ελληνικής νομοθεσίας προς τις διατάξεις των οδηγιών 2017/2398/ΕΕ, 2019/130/ΕΕ και 2019/983/ΕΕ «για την τροποποίηση της οδηγίας 2004/37/ΕΚ ``σχετικά με την προστασία των εργαζομένων από τους κινδύνους που συνδέονται με την έκθεση σε καρκινογόνους ή μεταλλαξιγόνους παράγοντες κατά την εργασία``»
HRV	Hrvatska	Pravilnik o izmjenama i dopunama Pravilnika o zaštiti radnika od izloženosti opasnimkemikalijama na radu,



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Nederland

NOR

NLD

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SWE

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# N.P.T. S.R.L. A SOCIO UNICO

TAK 3

Revision nr. 2

Dated 28/03/2023

Printed on 17/07/2023

Page n. 5/15

Replaced revision:1 (Printed on: 21/01/2021)

graničnim vrijednostima izloženosti i biološkim graničnim vrijednostima (NN 1/2021) Forskrift om endring i forskrift om tiltaksverdier og grenseverdier for fysiske og kjemiske faktorer i arbeidsmiljøet samt smitterisikogrupper for biologiske faktorer (forskrift om tiltaks- og grenseverdier), 21.

august 2018 nr. 1255

august 2016 in. 1259 Arbeidsomstandighedenregeling. Lijst van wettelijke grenswaarden op grond van de artikelen 4.3, eerste lid, en 4.16, eerste lid, van het Arbeidsomstandighedenbesluit Rozporządzenie ministra rozwoju, pracy i technologii z dnia 18 lutego 2021 r. Zmieniające rozporządzenie w sprawie najwyższych dopuszczalnych stężeń i natężeń czynników szkodliwych dla zdrowia w

środowisku pracy

Hygieniska gränsvärden, Arbetsmiljöverkets föreskrifter och allmänna råd om hygieniska gränsvärden (AFS

2018:1)
NARIADENIE VLÁDY Slovenskej republiky z 12. augusta 2020, ktorým sa mení a dopĺňa nariadenie vlády Slovenskej republiky č. 356/2006 Z. z. o ochrane zdravia zamestnancov pred rizikami súvisiacimi s expozíciou karcinogénnym a mutagénnym faktorom pri práci v znení neskorších predpisov EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020) Slovensko

TLV-ACGIH ACGIH 2022

HYDROQUINONE Threshold Limit Val	110							
Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	Observations		
TLV	BGR	2				SKIN		
TLV	CZE	2		4		SKIN		
TLV	DNK	2						
VLA	ESP	2						
VLEP	FRA	2						
HTP	FIN	0,5		2				
TLV	GRC	2		4				
GVI/KGVI	HRV	0,5						
TLV	NOR	0,5						
TGG	NLD	2						
NDS/NDSCh	POL	1		2				
NGV/KGV	SWE	0,5		1,5				
NPEL	SVK	2				SKIN		
WEL	GBR	0,5						
TLV-ACGIH		1						
Predicted no-effect cond	entration - PNEC							
Normal value in fresh wa	ater			0,000114	mg	/I		
Normal value in marine water				0,0000114	mg	/I		
Normal value for fresh water sediment				0,00098	mg	/kg		
Normal value for marine water sediment				0,000098	mg	/kg		
Normal value for water, intermittent release				0,00134	mg	/I		
Normal value of STP microorganisms				0,71	mg	/I		
Normal value for the terrestrial compartment				0,000129	mg	ı/kg		

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL										
	Effects on				Effects on					
	consumers				workers					
Route of exposure	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic	Acute local	Acute	Chronic local	Chronic		
				systemic		systemic		systemic		
Inhalation			0,5 mg/m3	1,74 mg/m3			1 mg/m3	7 mg/m3		
Skin				64 mg/kg/d				128 mg/kg/d		



TAK 3

Revision nr. 2

Dated 28/03/2023

Printed on 17/07/2023

Page n. 6/15

Replaced revision:1 (Printed on: 21/01/2021)

Ethyl-2-cyanoacrylate Threshold Limit Value						
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
WEL	GBR			1,5	0,3	

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL											
	Effects on				Effects on						
	consumers				workers						
Route of exposure	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic	Acute local	Acute	Chronic local	Chronic			
				systemic		systemic		systemic			
Inhalation			9.25 ma/m3	9.25 ma/m3			9.25 ma/m3	9.25 mg/m3			

#### Leaend:

(C) = CEILING; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction; RESP = Respirable Fraction; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

#### HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves.

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material (see standard EN 374): compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability. The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

#### SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

### EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

#### RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, use a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

#### ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

ADDITIONAL GLOVES INDICATION - Neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves, minimum duration of the material / gloves:> 2h, minimum glove thickness: 0.6 mm compliant with standard EN374.

# **SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties**



# **TAK 3**

Information

Revision nr. 2

Dated 28/03/2023 Printed on 17/07/2023

Page n. 7/15

Replaced revision:1 (Printed on: 21/01/2021)

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Value **Properties** Appearance liquid

Colour transparent

Odour pungent (acrylate)

Melting point / freezing point not available

Initial boiling point 197 °C

Flammability not applicable Lower explosive limit not applicable Upper explosive limit not applicable not applicable Flash point

Auto-ignition temperature 185 °C

Decomposition temperature not applicable

not applicable

Insolubile in acqua. Kinematic viscosity 140 cPoise Temperature: 20 °C

Solubility insoluble in water

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water not applicable

32 Pa Vapour pressure Density and/or relative density 1,1

Relative vapour density not available

Particle characteristics not applicable Temperature: 20 °C

Reason for missing data: Non applicabile.

#### 9.2. Other information

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Information not available

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

not applicable Evaporation rate

VOC (Directive 2010/75/EU) 1,85 % - 20,35 g/litre

Explosive properties not applicable Oxidising properties not applicable

# **SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

Polymerization will occur in the presence of moisture and other basic materials.

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.



# TAK 3

Revision nr. 2

Dated 28/03/2023

Printed on 17/07/2023

Page n. 8/15

Replaced revision:1 (Printed on: 21/01/2021)

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No hazardous reactions are foreseeable in normal conditions of use and storage.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Humidity.

None in particular. However the usual precautions used for chemical products should be respected.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Keep away from oxidising agents and strongly alkaline or acidic materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In case of fire may generate hazardous decomposition products, such as CO and CO2, fumes and nitrogen oxides.

# **SECTION 11. Toxicological information**

# 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

Information not available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Causes respiratory tract irritation. It causes skin inflammation. Causes eye damage by contact. Ingestion of a large dose can result in throat irritation, abdominal pain, nausea and vomiting.

Interactive effects

Information not available

ACUTE TOXICITY

ATE (Inhalation) of the mixture: ATE (Oral) of the mixture: ATE (Dermal) of the mixture: Not classified (no significant component) Not classified (no significant component) Not classified (no significant component)



# TAK 3

Revision nr. 2

Dated 28/03/2023

Printed on 17/07/2023

Page n. 9/15

Replaced revision:1 (Printed on: 21/01/2021)

#### HYDROQUINONE

LD50 (Dermal): > 2000 mg/kg LD50 (Oral): 450 mg/kg Rat

Ethyl-2-cyanoacrylate

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{LD50 (Dermal):} & > 2000 \text{ mg/kg} \\ \text{LD50 (Oral):} & > 2000 \text{ mg/kg} \\ \end{array}$ 

# SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Causes skin irritation

#### SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Causes serious eye irritation

# RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

# GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

# CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

#### REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

# STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

May cause respiratory irritation



# TAK 3

Revision nr. 2

Dated 28/03/2023

Printed on 17/07/2023

Page n. 10/15

Replaced revision:1 (Printed on: 21/01/2021)

#### Target organs

Causes irritation of the respiratory tract, generally irreversible and localized in the upper respiratory tract.

# STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

#### ASPIRATION HAZARD

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

#### 11.2. Information on other hazards

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with human health effects under evaluation.

# **SECTION 12. Ecological information**

# 12.1. Toxicity

HYDROQUINONE

# 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Information not available

# 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Information not available

# 12.4. Mobility in soil

Information not available

# 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

# 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

# NPT ...

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# **TAK 3**

Revision nr. 2

Dated 28/03/2023

Printed on 17/07/2023

Page n. 11/15

Replaced revision:1 (Printed on: 21/01/2021)

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with environmental effects under evaluation.

#### 12.7. Other adverse effects

Information not available

# **SECTION 13. Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

The correct disposal code (determined by the waste generation method) cannot be specified by the manufacturer in the case of products used in various sectors.

CER code (recommended): 08 04 09.

REGULATION (EU) N. 1357/2014: HP5 - Harmful - STOT (aspiration), HP4 - Irritant - Skin irritation and eye damage.

# **SECTION 14. Transport information**

#### 14.1. UN number or ID number

ADR / RID:

IMDG:

IATA:

#### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID: ADR EXEMPT

IMDG: IMDG CODE EXEMPT

IATA: AVIATION REGULATED LIQUID, N.O.S.

### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID: ADR EXEMPT

IMDG: IMDG CODE
EXEMPT

IATA: Class: 9 Label: 9



#### 14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID:

IMDG: IMDG CODE

**EXEMPT** 

IATA:

# NPT ...

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TAK 3

Dated 28/03/2023

Printed on 17/07/2023

Page n. 12/15

Revision nr. 2

Replaced revision:1 (Printed on: 21/01/2021)

#### 14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID: ADR EXEMPT
IMDG: IMDG CODE
EXEMPT
IATA: NO

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR / RID: HIN - Kemler: -

Limited Tunnel Quantities: - restriction

code: -

Special provision: -

Passengers:

IMDG: EMS: -

Limited Quantities: -

IATA: Cargo:

Maximum quantity: 450

antity: 450 instructions: 964

Maximum

964 Packaging

quantity: 450

instructions: 964

Packaging

Special provision: A27

#### 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Information not relevant

# **SECTION 15. Regulatory information**

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EU: None

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006

<u>Product</u>

Point 3

Contained substance

Point 75

Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 - on the marketing and use of explosives precursors

not applicable

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

None



TAK 3

Revision nr. 2

Dated 28/03/2023

Printed on 17/07/2023

Page n. 13/15

Replaced revision:1 (Printed on: 21/01/2021)

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

#### Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the preparation/for the substances indicated in section 3.

# **SECTION 16. Other information**

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Carc. 2 Carcinogenicity, category 2

Muta. 2 Germ cell mutagenicity, category 2

Acute Tox. 4 Acute toxicity, category 4

Eye Dam. 1 Serious eye damage, category 1

Eye Irrit. 2 Eye irritation, category 2
Skin Irrit. 2 Skin irritation, category 2

STOT SE 3 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3

Skin Sens. 1 Skin sensitization, category 1

Aquatic Acute 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute toxicity, category 1

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

EUH202 Cyanoacrylate. Danger. Bonds skin and eyes in seconds. Keep out of the reach of

children

#### LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate

Revision nr. 2

Dated 28/03/2023

Printed on 17/07/2023

Page n. 14/15

Replaced revision:1 (Printed on: 21/01/2021)

TAK 3

- CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

#### GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
   Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 3. Regulation (EU) 2020/878 (II Annex of REACH Regulation)
- 4. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP) 13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
- 14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
- 15. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
- 16. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
- 17. Regulation (EU) 2019/1148
- 18. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/217 (XIV Atp. CLP)
- 19. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/1182 (XV Atp. CLP)
- 20. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/643 (XVI Atp. CLP)
- 21. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/849 (XVII Atp. CLP) 22. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2022/692 (XVIII Atp. CLP)
- · The Merck Index. 10th Edition · Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) Italy

#### Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and



TAK 3

Revision nr. 2

Dated 28/03/2023

Printed on 17/07/2023

Page n. 15/15

Replaced revision:1 (Printed on: 21/01/2021)

thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of

chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in Section 11. Environmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 4, unless determined otherwise in Section 12.

Changes to previous review: The following sections were modified: 01 / 02 / 03 / 07 / 08 / 09 / 11 / 12 / 15 / 16.